

POLICY		Responsible Department	Executive
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PUBLIC INTEREST DISCLOSURE POLICY	
Latest Review Changes	Minor formatting & editing changes
Previous Council Reviews	31.07.19

Applicable Legislation

<p><i>Public Interest Disclosure Act 2018</i></p> <p><i>Local Government Act 1999</i></p> <p><i>Independent Commissioner Against Corruption Act 2012</i></p> <p><i>Criminal Law Consolidation Act 1935,</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - <i>Part 5, in relation to offences of dishonesty committed by a Public Officer or former Public Officer</i> - <i>Part 7, Division 4 in relation to offences relating to Public Officers</i>
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Related Policies

<p>Fraud and Corruption Policy</p> <p>Code of Conduct for Council Employees</p> <p>Internal Review of Council Decisions Policy</p>
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Related Procedures

<p>Public Interest Disclosure Procedure</p>

Related Policies

<p>Fraud and Corruption Policy</p> <p>Code of Conduct for Council Employees</p> <p>Internal Review of Council Decisions Policy</p> <p>Public Interest Disclosure Procedure</p>
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Reference Documents

<p>Local Government Association Public Interest Disclosure Model Policy</p>

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1. INTRODUCTION

The Municipal Council of Roxby Downs (“Council”) is committed to upholding the principles of transparency and accountability in its administrative and management practices and, therefore, encourages the making of disclosures that reveal public interest information.

The purpose of this Policy is to ensure that the Council:

- properly fulfils its responsibilities under the Public Interest Disclosure Act 2018;
- encourages and facilitates Disclosures of Public Interest Information in accordance with the objects and requirements of the PID Act ;
- ensures there is appropriate oversight of public interest disclosures about corruption, misconduct and maladministration in public administration;
- provides appropriate protection for those who make Disclosures in accordance with the Act; and
- acknowledges the need to appropriately support Informants, the Responsible Officer and, as appropriate, those Public Officers affected by any appropriate Disclosure.

This Policy applies to appropriate Disclosures of public interest information that are made in accordance with the PID Act by Public Officers including Council members, officers, contractors and employees, and by members of the public, and is intended to complement the reporting framework under the ICAC Act.

2. SCOPE

This Policy applies to appropriate Disclosures of Public Interest Information that are made in accordance with the PID Act by public officers including Officers and Employees of the Council, and by members of the public, and is intended to complement the reporting framework under the ICAC Act.

This Policy is also designed to complement the existing communication channels within Council, and operate in conjunction with other existing policies, including:

- Fraud & Corruption Prevention Policy;
- Code of Conduct for Council Employees;
- Internal Review of Council Decisions Policy under section 270 of the *Local Government Act 1999*.

The Council is committed to:

- referring, as necessary, appropriate Disclosures to another Relevant Authority;
- where the Disclosure relates to Corruption, or serious or systemic Misconduct or Maladministration in public administration, reporting the Disclosure directly to the OPI in accordance with the Guidelines and the requirements of the ICAC Act;
- otherwise facilitating the investigation of appropriate Disclosures in a manner which promotes fair and objective treatment of those involved; and
- rectifying any substantiated wrongdoing to the extent practicable in all the circumstances.

3. DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this Policy the following definitions apply.

Commissioner	Refers to the person holding or acting in the office of the Independent Commission Against Corruption
Corruption in public administration	<p>Refers to and is defined in section 5(1) of the ICAC Act and means</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • an offence against Part 7 Division 4 (Offences relating to public officers) of the <i>Criminal Law Consolidation Act 1935</i>, which includes the following offences: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) bribery or corruption of public officers; (ii) threats or reprisals against public officers; (iii) abuse of public office; (iv) demanding or requiring benefit on basis of public office; (v) offences relating to appointment to public office; or • an offence against the <i>Public Sector (Honesty and Accountability) Act 1995</i> or the <i>Public Corporations Act 1993</i>, or an attempt to commit such an offence; or • an offence against the <i>Lobbyists Act 2015</i>, or an attempt to commit such an offence; or • any other offence (including an offence against Part 5 (Offences of dishonesty) of the <i>Criminal Law Consolidation Act 1935</i>) committed by a public officer while acting in his or her capacity as a public officer or by a former public officer and related to his or her former capacity as a public officer, or by a person before becoming a public officer and related to his or her capacity as a public officer, or an attempt to commit such an offence; or • any of the following in relation to an offence referred to in a preceding paragraph: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of the offence; (ii) inducing, whether by threats or promises or otherwise, the commission of the offence; (iii) being in any way, directly or indirectly, knowingly concerned in, or party to, the commission of the offence; (iv) conspiring with others to effect the commission of the offence
Council	Refers to the Municipal Council of Roxby Downs
Detriment	<p>Refers to and includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • injury, harm (including psychological harm), damage (including damage to reputation) or loss; • intimidation or harassment; • discrimination, disadvantage or adverse treatment in relation to a person's employment; and/or • threats of reprisal (which may be express or implied, and/or conditional or unconditional).
Directions and Guidelines	Refers to the Directions and Guidelines issued pursuant to section 20 of the ICAC Act and/or section 14 of the PID Act, which are available on the Commissioner's website (www.icac.sa.gov.au).

Disclosure	<p>Refers to the appropriate disclosure of public interest information made by an Informant to a Relevant Authority.</p> <p>A person makes an appropriate disclosure of environmental and health information if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the person: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) believes on reasonable grounds that the information is true; or (ii) is not in a position to form a belief on reasonable grounds about the truth of the information, but believes on reasonable grounds that the information may be true and is of sufficient significance to justify its disclosure so that its truth may be investigated; and • the disclosure is made to a Relevant Authority. <p>A person makes an appropriate disclosure of public administration information if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the person: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) is a public officer; (ii) reasonably suspects that the information raises a potential issue of corruption, misconduct or maladministration in public administration; and (iii) the disclosure is made to a Relevant Authority
Employee	Refers to all the Council's employees, whether they are working in a full-time, part-time or casual capacity.
Environmental and health information	Refers to information that raises a potential issue of a substantial risk to the environment or to the health or safety of the public generally or a significant section of the public
Fraud	Refers to and includes an intentional dishonest act or omission done with the purpose of deceiving.
ICAC Act	Refers to the <i>Independent Commission Against Corruption Act 2012</i> .
Independent Assessor	Refers to the person designated by the Responsible Officer as being responsible for investigating a disclosure made to the Council in accordance with the Public Interest Disclosure Procedure.
Informant	Refers to a person who makes an appropriate disclosure of public interest information to a Relevant Authority.
Maladministration in public administration	<p>Refers to and is defined in section 5(4) of the ICAC Act and means</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • conduct of a public officer, or a practice, policy or procedure of a public authority, that results in an irregular and unauthorised use of public money or substantial mismanagement of public resources; or • conduct of a public officer involving substantial mismanagement in or in relation to the performance of official functions; and <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) includes conduct resulting from impropriety, incompetence or negligence; and (ii) is to be assessed having regard to relevant statutory provisions and administrative instructions and directions.

Misconduct in public administration	<p>Refers to and is defined in section 5(3) of the ICAC Act and means:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • contravention of a code of conduct by a Public Officer while acting in his or her capacity as a Public Officer that constitutes a ground for disciplinary action against the officer; or • other misconduct of a Public Officer while acting in his or her capacity as a Public Officer.
Office for Public Integrity (OPI)	<p>Refers to the office established under the ICAC Act that has the function to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • receive and assess complaints about public administration from members of the public • receive and assess reports about corruption, misconduct and maladministration in public administration from the Ombudsman, the Council and Public Officers • refer complaints and reports to inquiry agencies, public authorities and Public Officers in circumstances approved by the Commissioner or make recommendations as to whether and by whom complaints and reports should be investigated • give directions or guidance to public authorities in circumstances approved by the Commissioner • perform other functions assigned to the Office by the Commissioner.
Public administration	<p>Refers to and is defined at section 4 of the ICAC Act and, without limiting the acts that may comprise public administration, an administrative act within the meaning of the <i>Ombudsman Act 1972</i> will be taken to be carried out in the course of public administration.</p>
Public administration information	<p>Refers to information that raises a potential issue of corruption, misconduct or maladministration in public administration.</p>
Public interest information	<p>Refers to environmental or health information, or public administration information</p>
PID Act	<p>Refers to the <i>Public Interest Disclosure Act 2018</i>.</p>
Principal Officer	<p>for the purposes of the PID Act this refers to the Chief Executive of the Council.</p>
Public Officer	<p>Refers to the meaning given by section 4 and Schedule 1 of the ICAC Act, and includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a Council member • an employee or officer of the Municipal Council of Roxby Downs • a person performing contract work for the Municipal Council of Roxby Downs
Relevant Authority	<p>Refers to a person or entity that receives an appropriate disclosure of public interest information in accordance with the PID Act, as set out in Appendix A to this Policy.</p>
Responsible Officer	<p>Refers to a person who has completed any training courses approved by the Commissioner for the purposes of the <i>Public Interest Disclosure Regulations 2019</i> and has been designated by the Council as responsible officer under section 12 of the PID Act.</p>

Victimisation	Refers to and occurs when a person causes detriment to another on the ground, or substantially on the ground, that the other person (or a third person) has made or intends to make an appropriate disclosure of public interest information.
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4. CONFIDENTIALITY OF AN INFORMANTS IDENTITY

The identity of an Informant will be maintained as confidential in accordance with the PID Act.

A recipient of an appropriate Disclosure may only divulge the identity of an Informant where:

- the recipient believes on reasonable grounds that it is necessary to divulge the identity of the Informant in order to prevent or minimise an imminent risk of serious physical injury or death to any person, and the identity of the Informant is then divulged to a person or authority that the recipient believes on reasonable grounds is the most appropriate authority or person to be able to take action to prevent or minimise the imminent risk of serious physical injury or death to any person;
- the recipient has been issued with a notice from the OPI advising that the identity of the Informant is required by the OPI, in which case the recipient must disclose the identity of the Informant to the OPI;
- doing so is necessary for the matter to be properly investigated (but only to the extent necessary to ensure proper investigation); or
- the Informant consents to his/her identity being disclosed.

The PID Act does not expressly require any other information relating to a Disclosure (including, for example, the nature of the allegations) to be maintained as confidential, but in considering whether to further disclose other information provided as part of an appropriate Disclosure the Council should be mindful of the prohibition against Victimisation in the PID Act.

An Informant may wish to remain anonymous, but in that event must ensure that the allegation is sufficiently supported by the provision of necessary details and evidence to enable the matter to be properly investigated.

5. DISCLOSURE PROCESS

Disclosures are to be handled by the Council in accordance with the Public Interest Disclosure Procedure.

Nothing in this Policy prevents a person from making a Disclosure to a Relevant Authority external to the Council (i.e. the Ombudsman or the OPI). This is a choice to be made by the Informant at his/her discretion. The Council recommends an Informant have regard to the factors at clause 6.4 of the Public Interest Disclosure Procedure when deciding where to direct a Disclosure.

A Disclosure may be made to the Council's designated Responsible Officer in person, by telephone or in writing. The relevant contact details are:

Phone	8671 0010
Email	greg.mason@roxbycouncil.com.au
Address	Confidential Responsible Officer, Public Interest Disclosure PO Box 124 Roxby Downs SA 5725

6. THE ROLE OF THE RESPONSIBLE OFFICER

A person designated as a Responsible Officer for the Council must:

- receive appropriate Disclosures relating to the Council and ensure compliance with the PID Act, and the Public Interest Disclosure Procedure, in relation to any such Disclosures;
- make appropriate recommendations to the principal officer of the Council in relation to dealing with Disclosures, including any suggested changes to this Policy or the Public Interest Disclosure Procedure; and
- provide advice to officer and employees of the Council in relation to the administration of the PID Act; and
- complete any training courses approved by the Commissioner for the purposes of the Public Interest Disclosure Regulations; and
- may carry out any other functions relating to the PID Act.

Upon the receipt of a Disclosure, the Responsible Officer will deal with the disclosure in accordance with the Public Interest Disclosure Procedure.

In making any determination or taking any action under this Policy or pursuant to the Public Interest Disclosure Procedure the Responsible Officer;

- may seek legal advice from Council's lawyers and/or guidance from SAPOL or the Ombudsman in relation to the most appropriate course of action to pursue; and
- is authorised to incur costs in accordance with the Council's Budget for that purpose.

The Responsible Officer will liaise as required with the Informant and any Independent Assessor in relation to any investigation process undertaken in accordance with the Public Interest Disclosure Procedure and will ensure that the Informant is provided with support and protection as necessary and appropriate in the circumstances of the Disclosure.

7. INFORMATION TO THE ADMINISTRATOR

As a matter of discretion, the Chief Executive may inform the Administrator, on a confidential basis, of the fact that an investigation of a Disclosure took place and the outcome of the investigation.

Factors the Chief Executive will take into account in determining whether to inform the Administrator under paragraph 7.1 above and the level of detail provided in doing so are to include:

- if known, the identity of the Informant, and whether the Informant has consented to his/her identity being divulged;
- if applicable, the identity of any person the subject of the Disclosure;
- the impact (if any) of the investigation upon the Council's achievement of its objectives under its Strategic Plan and/or policies; and
- the impact of any action taken to finalise the matter upon the Council's operations and/or budget.

8. PROTECTION FOR THE INFORMANT

An Informant who makes an appropriate Disclosure is protected by:

- immunity from criminal or civil liability as provided for in section 5(1) of the PID Act;
- a prohibition on disclosure of his/her identity as provided for in section 8 of the PID Act;
- a prohibition against Victimisation as provided for in section 9 of the PID Act; and
- a prohibition against hindering, obstructing or preventing an Informant from making an appropriate Disclosure as provided for in section 11 of the PID Act.

The PID Act does not provide any protection to people who knowingly make disclosures that are false or misleading in a material particular (whether by reason of the inclusion or omission of a particular).

A person who knowingly makes a Disclosure that is false or misleading in a material particular is guilty of an offence and may be prosecuted.

A person who personally commits an act of Victimisation against an Informant is guilty of an offence and may be prosecuted.

The Council will take appropriate action in the circumstances of the relevant Disclosure/s to protect Informants from Victimisation. Such action may include acting in accordance with the risk minimisation steps set out in the Public Interest Disclosure Procedure and/or referring the matter to the SA Police.

Any employee or officer of the Council who:

- knowingly makes a disclosure that is false or misleading in a material particular; or
- commits an act of Victimisation in relation to an Informant; or
- acts otherwise than in accordance with this Policy or the Public Interest Disclosure Procedure (including with respect to divulging the identity of an Informant) in relation to a Disclosure
- may also face disciplinary action by the Council or the Chief Executive (as appropriate).

9. AVAILABILITY OF THE POLICY

This Policy will be available for inspection at the Council's Offices during ordinary business hours and via the Council's website www.roxbydowns.sa.gov.au. Copies will also be provided to the public upon request, and upon payment of a fee in accordance with the Council's Schedule of Fees and Charges.

10. REVIEW

The Public Interest Disclosure policy will be reviewed every 3 (three) years to ensure compliance with Legislation.

This Policy is available for inspection at the Council Office, 6 Richardson Place during ordinary business hours and is also available from Council's website www.roxbydowns.sa.gov.au

APPENDIX A - Relevant Authorities

Where the information relates to...	the relevant authority is...
<p>a public officer*</p> <p>*as defined and set out in Schedule 1 of the <i>Independent Commission Against Corruption Act 2012</i> - relevantly, this includes members, officers and employees of local government bodies</p>	<p>either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the person who is designated by the Guidelines as being taken to be responsible for management or supervision of the public officer; or • the person who is in fact responsible for the management or supervision of the public officer; or • the relevant responsible officer (as designated by the Council in accordance with section 12 of the PID Act)
<p>a public sector agency or public sector employee</p>	<p>either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the Commissioner for Public Sector Employment; or • the responsible officer for the relevant public sector agency
<p>an agency to which the <i>Ombudsman Act 1972</i> applies</p>	<p>the Ombudsman</p>
<p>a location within the area of a particular council established under the <i>Local Government Act 1999</i></p>	<p>a member, officer or employee of that Council</p>
<p>a risk to the environment</p>	<p>the Environment Protection Authority</p>
<p>an irregular and unauthorised use of public money or substantial</p>	<p>the Auditor-General</p>
<p>the commission, or suspected commission, of any offence</p>	<p>a member of the police force</p>
<p>a judicial officer</p>	<p>the Judicial Conduct Commissioner</p>
<p>a member of Parliament</p>	<p>the Presiding Officer of the House of Parliament to which the member belongs</p>
<p>a person or a matter of a prescribed class¹</p>	<p>an authority declared by the regulations to be a relevant authority in relation to such information</p>
<p>public interest information - being:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • environmental and health information (information that raises a potential issue of a substantial risk to the environment or to the health or safety of the public generally or a significant section of the public); or • public administration information (information that raises a potential issue of corruption, misconduct or maladministration in public administration) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the OPI; • a Minister of the Crown; or • any other prescribed person or person of a prescribed class

¹ at this stage, no prescribed persons or classes have been identified